Total No. of Questions: 10]	[Total No. of Printed Pages : 3
	Roll No
CS	-603
	XAMINATION, June, 2012 re & Engg. Branch)

SOFTWARE ENGINEERING AND PROJECT MANAGEMENT

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

Minimum Pass Marks: 35

Note: Attempt any five questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- (a) Distinguish between generic and customized software products. Which one would generate more revenue for a company? Give the reasons behind your answer. 10
 - (b) Explain prototype model. What are the advantages of developing a prototype of a system ? 10

Or

- Differentiate between a software product and a software process.
 - (b) Explain how a software development effort is initiated and finally terminated in the spiral model. 10
- 3. (a) What are the different types of requirements gathering activities that the analysts use to gather requirements from a customer?

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(b) Briefly outline the important steps involved in developing a software system using a popular object oriented design methodology.
10

Or

- 4. (a) What do you understand by traceability in the context of software requirements specification? How is traceability achieved?
 - (b) What are the important issues which an SRS document must address?
- (a) Compare relative advantages of the object oriented and function oriented approaches to software design. 10
 - (b) Discuss the different classification of architectural styles with respect to software and discuss each style in detail.

Or

- (a) Explain how the overall cohesion and coupling of a
 design would be impacted if all modules of the design
 are merged into a single module.
 - (b) What are the main shortcomings of Data Flow Diagram (DFD) as a tool for performing structured analysis?
- (a) Distinguish between an error and a failure in the context of program testing. Justify your answer. 10
 - (b) What do you understand by system testing? What are the different kinds of system testing that are usually performed on large software products?

- (a) What is test plan? Write down the components of test plan and their purpose.
 - (b) Explain various approaches of testing and also explain their testing methods. 10
- (a) What do you mean by the term software re-engineering? Why is it required?
 - (b) What is meant by Software Configuration Management? Why is software configuration management crucial to the success of large software product development projects?

Or

10. Write short notes on the following:

5 each

- (i) Software Quality Assurance (SQA)
- (ii) Project Plan and Metrics
- (iii) Reverse Engineering
- (iv) Project Scheduling